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Patent  
ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.: 19308.0026U1  
APPLICATION NO.: 10/725,767  
03SKY0028  
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**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the above-referenced application:

1           1.     (Currently amended)     A method for filtering a received signal in a  
2     wireless receiver, comprising:  
3           providing a received signal to an amplifier; and  
4           inverting the impedance of the received signal using an inductance applied at the  
5     output of the amplifier using an inductance without interfering with the function of the  
6     amplifier.

1           2.     (Original)     The method of claim 1, further comprising inverting the  
2     impedance of the received signal at the output of the amplifier using a voltage  
3     controlled current source to transform the inductance applied to the received signal to a  
4     capacitance.

1           3.     (Original)     The method of claim 2, further comprising implementing  
2     the voltage controlled current source as a pair of transconductance amplifiers.

1           4.     (Original)     The method of claim 3, further comprising implementing  
2     the inductance at the output of the amplifier using a pair of voltage controlled current  
3     sources and a capacitance.

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1           5.     (Currently amended)     A low-noise filter for a wireless receiver,  
2     comprising:  
3           an amplifier; and  
4           an impedance inverter applied at the output of the amplifier and configured to  
5     transform inductance applied to a received signal to a capacitance without interfering  
6     with the function of the amplifier.

1           6.     (Currently amended)     The low-noise filter of claim 5, wherein the  
2     ~~impedance inverter~~ filter further comprises an ~~inductor coupled to the output~~ open  
3     circuit between the impedance inverter and an input of the amplifier.

1           7.     (Original)     The low-noise filter of claim 6, wherein the impedance  
2     inverter further comprises:  
3           a pair of transconductance amplifiers; and  
4           at least one capacitance coupled to the output of one of the transconductance  
5     amplifiers.

1           8.     (Original)     The low-noise filter of claim 7, wherein the impedance  
2     inverter removes direct current (DC) offset present at the input of the amplifier.

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1           9.     (Currently amended)     A portable transceiver, comprising:  
2           a modulator configured to receive and modulate a data signal;  
3           an upconverter configured to receive the modulated data signal and provide a  
4 radio frequency (RF) signal;  
5           a transmitter configured to transmit the RF signal; and  
6           a direct conversion receiver including an amplifier, a filter and an impedance  
7 inverter configured to transform inductance applied to a received signal to a  
8 capacitance, wherein the impedance inverter is applied at an output of the amplifier such  
9 that an open circuit exists between the impedance inverter and an input of the amplifier.

1           10.    (Original)     The portable transceiver of claim 9, wherein the  
2 impedance inverter further comprises an inductor coupled to the output of the amplifier.

1           11.    (Original)     The portable transceiver of claim 10, wherein the  
2 impedance inverter further comprises:  
3           a pair of transconductance amplifiers; and  
4           at least one capacitance coupled to the output of one of the transconductance  
5 amplifiers.

1           12.    (Original)     The portable transceiver of claim 11, wherein the  
2 impedance inverter removes direct current (DC) offset present at the input of the  
3 amplifier.

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1           13.   (Currently amended)    A portable transceiver, comprising:  
2           means for modulating a data signal;  
3           means for upconverting the modulated data signal and provide a radio frequency  
4   (RF) signal;  
5           means for transmitting the RF signal;  
6           means for converting a received signal to a baseband signal;  
7           means for amplifying the baseband signal; and  
8           means for inverting the impedance of the received signal at the output of the  
9   amplifying means to transform inductance applied to a received signal to a capacitance,  
10   wherein the means for inverting impedance of the received signal does not affect the  
11   means for amplifying the baseband signal.

1           14.   (Original)    The portable transceiver of claim 13, further comprising  
2   voltage controlled current source means for inverting the impedance of the received  
3   signal at the output of the amplifier to transform the inductance applied to the received  
4   signal to a capacitance.

1           15.   (Currently amended) A system for removing direct current (DC) offset  
2   from a received signal, comprising:  
3           a variable gain amplifier configured to ~~proves~~ amplify a received radio  
4   frequency (RF) signal; and  
5           a gyrator-generated inductance applied at the output of the variable gain  
6   amplifier, the gyrator-generated inductance configured to transform inductance present  
7   at the output of the variable gain amplifier to a capacitance without interfering with the  
8   function of the variable gain amplifier.

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1           16.   (Original)   The system of claim 15, wherein the gyrator-generated  
2           inductance adds a high pass filter pole to the variable gain amplifier.

1           17.   (Original)   The system of claim 15, wherein the gyrator-generated  
2           inductance shunts excess DC current present at the output of the variable gain amplifier  
3           to ground.

1           18.   (Original)   The system of claim 15, wherein, at a frequency above a  
2           high-pass cutoff frequency, the gyrator-generated inductance appears as a high  
3           impedance at the output of the variable gain amplifier.